

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

and Report Thereon

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the Environmental Integrity Project

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Environmental Integrity Project (EIP), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Environmental Integrity Project as of December 31, 2013, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Raffa. P.C.

Washington, DC August 22, 2014

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2013

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 760,809
Grants and contributions receivable	865,396
Other receivables	4,087
Prepaid expenses	38,623
Deposits	76,306
Property and equipment, net	 440,378
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,185,599
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 42,440
Accrued salaries and benefits	91,847
Deferred leasehold incentive	367,648
Deferred rent liability	 46,139
Total Liabilities	548,074
Net Assets	
Unrestricted	247,753
Temporarily restricted	 1,389,772
Total Net Assets	 1,637,525
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 2,185,599

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total
SUPPORT AND REVENUE			
Grants and contributions	\$ 43,507	\$ 2,679,409	\$ 2,722,916
Recoverable revenue	156,428	40,000	196,428
Rental and other income	9,713	-	9,713
Net assets released from restrictions:			
Satisfaction of program restrictions	2,621,115	(2,621,115)	-
Satisfaction of time restrictions	150,000	(150,000)	
TOTAL SUPPORT AND REVENUE	2,980,763	(51,706)	2,929,057
EXPENSES			
Program services	2,747,144	-	2,747,144
Supporting services:			
Management and general	86,902	-	86,902
Fundraising	71,667		71,667
Total Supporting Services	158,569	<u> </u>	158,569
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,905,713		2,905,713
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	75,050	(51,706)	23,344
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	172,703	1,441,478	1,614,181
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 247,753	\$ 1,389,772	\$ 1,637,525

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Supporting Services		
	Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Total
Salaries and benefits	\$ 1,860,320	\$ 202,214	\$ 53,227	\$ 2,115,761
Consulting fees	181,325	6,812	-	188,137
Occupancy	-	196,612	-	196,612
Travel	62,375	9,736	4,495	76,606
Professional fees	82,393	20,315	-	102,708
Grants	36,000	10,000	-	46,000
Communications	780	39,694	40	40,514
Dues, subscriptions, and reference	38,317	7,850	2,110	48,277
Printing and copies	13,620	5,881	-	19,501
Equipment rental and maintenance	-	6,806	-	6,806
Office and other supplies	28,801	11,843	67	40,711
Depreciation	-	11,615	-	11,615
Postage, mailing and delivery	3,623	1,614	73	5,310
Miscellaneous	2,294	4,649	212	7,155
Allocation of overhead costs	437,296	(448,739)	11,443	
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 2,747,144	\$ 86,902	\$ 71,667	\$ 2,905,713

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013 Increase (Decrease) in Cash

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash	\$ 23,344
provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:	11,615
Grants and contributions receivable	(326,168)
Other receivables	(234)
Prepaid expenses	5,916
Deposits	(66,056)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(19,632)
Accrued salaries and benefits	23,158
Deferred rent liability	 46,139
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 (301,918)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property and equipment	 (75,839)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 (75,839)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(377,757)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 1,138,566
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 760,809
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION Addition to leasehold improvements acquired from leasehold incentive net of accumulated amortization	\$ 367,648

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The Environmental Integrity Project (EIP) is a nonpartisan, nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization incorporated in November 2003 in Washington, DC. The organization was founded by Eric Schaeffer, with support from the Rockefeller Family Fund and other foundations. EIP has the following three objectives:

- To provide an objective analysis of how the failure to enforce or implement environmental laws increases pollution and affects the public's health;
- To hold federal and state agencies, as well as individual corporations, accountable for failing to enforce or comply with environmental laws; and
- To help local communities in key states obtain the protection of environmental laws.

EIP's work, which is frequently based on an extensive review of government records, has been cited in Congressional hearings and debates, in reports by the U.S. Government Accountability Office, and in frequent news articles. EIP periodically evaluates the effectiveness of federal and state environmental programs, offering recommendations for improvement while recognizing outstanding performance.

EIP also works closely with grassroots organizations in Iowa, Pennsylvania, Texas, and other states to assist communities that are trying to get neighboring polluters to reduce their emissions and comply with environmental laws.

Property and Equipment and Related Depreciation

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of three to five years, with no salvage value. EIP capitalizes all expenditures for property and equipment with a cost more than \$1,000. The cost of property and equipment retired or disposed of is removed from the accounts along with the related accumulated depreciation and any gain or loss is reflected in income or expense in the accompanying statement of activities. Major additions are capitalized while replacements, maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets are expensed as incurred.

Net Assets

The net assets of EIP are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, the net assets of EIP are classified and reported as follows:

- Unrestricted net assets represent funds that are available for support of EIP's operations.
- Temporarily restricted net assets represent funds that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions to be used for a particular purpose or within a specific time period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition

Grants and contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are designated for future periods or restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as temporarily restricted support. Conditional promises to give are not included as support until such time as the conditions are substantially met. When a donor restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the accompanying statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Recoverable revenue pertains to certain allowable legal fees that EIP has incurred in the course of representing a case which may be recovered in a court settlement. These fees may include staff attorney fees, expert costs, and other costs allowed by the court. Recoverable revenue is recognized in the year when the final outcome of legal claims or reimbursements is certain and realized. This occurs after the consent decree has been entered with the relevant jurisdictional court and after all payment conditions identified in the consent decree have been met.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the accompanying statement of functional expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated proportionately among the programs and supporting services to which they relate on the basis of estimated labor costs spent on projects.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Grants and Contributions Receivable

Grants and contributions receivable of \$865,396 as of December 31, 2013 are due within one year and are considered fully collectible.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of December 31, 2013:

Computer equipment	\$ 55,814
Office equipment	35,139
Furniture and fixtures	63,802
Leasehold improvements	373,530
Total Property and Equipment	528,285
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	 (87,907)
Property and Equipment, Net	\$ 440,378

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$11,615 for the year ended December 31, 2013.

4. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases

On March 14, 2013, EIP entered into a 10 year office lease with Vermont Avenue SPE LLC, in Washington, DC, which began on November 1, 2013. The lease provides for sixth months of free rent followed by six months of reduced rent payment and contains a fixed escalation clause for increases in the annual minimum rent at the rate of 2.25%. Under GAAP, all rental payments, including rent abatement and fixed rent increases, are recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The difference between the GAAP rent expense and the required lease payments is reflected as a deferred lease benefit in the accompanying statement of financial position. Under the terms of the lease, EIP received a leasehold improvements allowance of \$424,060, which the EIP used to build out its new space during the year ended December 31, 2013. EIP used approximately \$374,000 of its leasehold improvement allowance during 2013.

EIP also had a one year lease agreement for its office space in San Antonio, Texas, which was initially scheduled to expire on August 31, 2014 but was terminated early on April 30, 2014. The new lease in Texas was effective May 1, 2014 and is scheduled to expire on April 30, 2015. A portion of the old office space was subleased to an unrelated third party, which was initially scheduled to expire on August 31, 2014, but was terminated early at the same time the original lease was terminated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

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4. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Operating Leases (continued)

The total future minimum lease payments for office space for both the DC and Texas offices are as follows as of December 31, 2013:

For the Year Ending December 31,	
2014	\$
2015	
2016	
2017	
2018	
Thereafter	1
Total	\$ 2

For the year ended December 31, 2013, rent expense under its old and current lease agreement was \$184,875, which is included in occupancy in the accompanying statement of functional expenses.

Concentration of Credit Risk

EIP maintains its cash with a commercial financial institution. While the aggregate balance at times may exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured limit of \$250,000 per depositor per institution and, therefore, bear some risk, EIP has not experienced, nor does it anticipate, any loss of funds. As of December 31, 2013, EIP had approximately \$705,000 in deposits account, which exceeded the maximum limit insured by the FDIC by approximately \$455,000.

5. Program Expenses

Program services were as follows for the year ended December 31, 2013:

Program	services:
01	

Coal	\$ 1,460,647
Oil and Gas	579,303
Maryland Healthy Communities Initiative	359,651
Chesapeake Bay Initiative	178,234
Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations	<u>169,309</u>
Total Program Services	<u>\$ 2,747,144</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

6. Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

As of December 31, 2013, temporarily restricted net assets were comprised of the following:

Program restricted:

Coal Maryland Healthy Communities Initiative Oil and Gas Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations Chesapeake Bay Initiative	\$ 505,274 258,725 181,342 155,681 138,750
Time restricted: Time restricted	 150,000
Total Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	\$ 1,389,772

7. Pension Plan

EIP offers participation in a 401(k) plan, whereby employees may make contributions on a pre-tax and post-tax basis, subject to IRS limitations. Full-time employees are eligible to participate after one year of employment. Employer contributions are discretionary and participants are fully vested in employer contributions after two years of service.

EIP contributes 3% of an eligible participant's salary regardless of the individual's participation in the plan and also provides a match of up to 3% of each eligible participant's contribution to the plan. Total pension expense was \$78,448 for the year ended December 31, 2013, and is included in salaries and benefits expense in the accompanying statement of functional expenses.

8. Income Taxes

Under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, EIP is exempt from federal taxes on income other than net unrelated business income. EIP reviews and assesses all activities annually to identify any changes in the scope of the activities and revenue sources and the tax treatment thereof to identify any uncertain tax positions. For the year ended December 31, 2013, no provision for income taxes was required as EIP had no unrelated business income and did not identify any uncertain tax positions requiring recognition or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2013, the statute of limitations for tax years 2010 through 2012 remains open with the U.S. federal jurisdiction and the various state and local jurisdictions in which EIP files tax returns.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

9. Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, EIP has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition of or disclosure through August 22, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Other than the new lease of the Texas office disclosed in Note 4, there were no subsequent events indentified that require recognition of, or disclosure in, these financial statements.